

# BROOKINGS

QUALITY. INDEPENDENCE. IMPACT.

## Federal Funds Distributed On the Basis of Statistics Based on the Decennial Census, Baltimore County, Maryland, FY 2007

Preliminary-2/27/2009

**Total Allocations:** \$736,915,610

**Per Capita Allocation:** \$933.99

Program Name	Department	Allocations
Medical Assistance Program	Department of Health & Human Services	\$417,987,430
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$146,702,283
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	Department of Transportation	\$54,983,079
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$28,228,712
Public Housing Capital Fund	Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$27,585,712
State Children's Insurance Program	Department of Health & Human Services	\$19,627,981
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	Department of Education	\$13,192,904
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	Department of Health & Human Services	\$12,045,112
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$7,426,015
Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services	Department of Health & Human Services	\$5,864,605
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$5,566,900
Rehabilitation Services_Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States	Department of Education	\$4,031,173

<b>Program Name</b>	<b>Department</b>	<b>Allocations</b>
Alternatives to Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facilities for Children	Department of Health and Human Services	\$3,374,487
Social Services Block Grant	Department of Health & Human Services	\$2,559,425
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	Department of Health & Human Services	\$2,306,965
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	Department of Health & Human Services	\$2,002,223
Supportive Housing for the Elderly	Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$1,946,907
Community Development Block Grants/Brownfields Economic Development Initiative	Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$1,536,100
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$1,339,000
Money Follows the Person Rebalancing Demonstration	Department of Health and Human Services	\$1,000,000
Community Development Block Grants/Special Purpose Grants/Insular Areas	Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$891,000
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (Appropriation)	Department of Justice	\$628,148
Abstinence Education Program	Department of Health & Human Services	\$569,675
Supportive Housing for Persons With Disabilities	Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$383,239
Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program	Department of Homeland Security	\$362,315
Medicaid Transformation Grants	Department of Health and Human Services	\$359,614
Children's Justice Grants to States	Department of Health & Human Services	\$328,374
Grants to States for Operation of Offices of Rural Health	Department of Health and Human Services	\$148,500
Small Rural Hospital Improvement Grant Program	Department of Health and Human Services	\$26,835
Demonstration to Maintain Independence and Employment	Department of Health and Human Services	\$3,239

<b>Program Name</b>	<b>Department</b>	<b>Allocations</b>
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention_Allocation to States	Department of Justice	(\$8,592)
Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants	Department of Justice	(\$34,798)
Hurricane Katrina Relief	Department of Health and Human Services	(\$39,821)
Pre-Disaster Mitigation	Department of Homeland Security	(\$92,733)
Citizen Corps	Department of Homeland Security	(\$610,860)
Emergency Management Performance Grants	Department of Homeland Security	(\$4,846,106)
State Homeland Security Program (SHSP)	Department of Homeland Security	(\$7,325,278)
Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program (LETPP)	Department of Homeland Security	(\$13,134,154)

Notes:

This table was generated by an Access database of federal domestic assistance programs that rely in whole or in part on federal statistics to determine the eligibility of the applicant, the recipient, or the beneficiary to receive the assistance and/or the formula by which funds are allocated geographically. The database identifies the specific federal statistical variables on which each program relies, as well as the statistical agencies that provide these data.

The table includes programs that rely in whole or in part on decennial census data, Census Bureau data derived from the decennial census (primarily the American Community Survey and population estimates), and data produced by other federal agencies that are derived from such Census Bureau statistics. Examples of Census Bureau-derived statistics produced by other federal agencies include the Bureau of Economic Analysis' per capita income (which uses Census Bureau population estimates as the denominator and "long form"/ACS journey-to-work data to help calculate the numerator) and the Department of Housing and Urban Development's fair market rents, which is based on the Census Bureau's median household income.

Programs that rely on federal statistics were identified through a review of the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (<http://www.cfda.gov>), maintained by the General Services Administration. Information regarding each program's reliance on federal statistics was gathered from the Catalog (CFDA), federal law and regulation, and, as necessary, a telephone call to grant program personnel. The allocation of grant funds by geography was drawn from the Consolidated Federal Funds Report (CFFR) database (<http://www.census.gov/govs/www/cffr.html>), maintained by the Census Bureau. FY2007 is the latest year for which CFFR data are available.

At times, program funds are deobligated from a given geography if, for example, actual program costs were less than were anticipated. If a program had a net deobligation in FY2007, expenditures for that program appear as negative. Negative numbers appear in parentheses.

A report table for a county with a state capital is likely to include statewide allocations intended for pass-through from the state to local governments. While the Census Bureau gathers or estimates pass-through allocations for the largest grant programs (e.g., Medicaid, Highway Planning and Construction, Special Education Grants to States), it does not determine pass-through allocations for smaller ones. Instead funds for such programs are allocated to the county of the state capital.

The development of the database is a work in progress. Consequently, the findings in the table are preliminary and may be subject to revision.

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